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Determination of heavy metal pollution products, vegetable gardens Ardabil

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ABSTRACT

security Food population At Now Growth With Attention To References natural Limited One From Topics a lot Important At the world To the countThe Is. Aggregation Metals heavy At materials Food And increase Density They And arrive To Range the danger The Can health Man And Casethreaten serious The To this intended purpose At this Study amount Metals heavy Lead And Cadmium At Vegetable Spinach And Shahi Rearing10 Garden Range City Ardabil Case review The Was. this Study From Kind Cross - sectional Been And A total of 8 1 Sample Water - Soil -spinach And Shahi during the moon Of June -July And August 13 94 Preparation And So From ready Of According to Way Standard From DeviceAbsorption Atomic Model Perkin Elmer Made in the USA For Determination amount Metals The lead was heavy cadmium And Analysis Andanalyze data From Soft Applications SPSS Use Was. The results showed that the average amount Lead And Cadmium At All Sample And littleWet From Standard EPA Respectively. between Garden Of Case Study From Nzrmyangyn amount Cadmium And Lead Difference meaningArrow Observation Not. results Test t Independent sign The From Opinion amount Cadmium between Two Species Spinach And Shahi At Level5% difference meaning Arrow There was As amount Cadmium At Spinach more From Shahi were. With Attention To The Density Metals heavy In all Sample Of levels Second And Third At July And August the moon Zero Been Is but At the level First At June the moon Contamination Metalsheavy In some Sample And There By Is Specified The Is Sample Of vegetable China The first three garden Ratio To China Second And Thirdhave Contamination More is And At this Case Issue Concentration Contamination Metals heavy At Dream Winter in some vegetable gardens Ardabil Likely The Is.

Keyword:

bioaccumulation, cad mium, Lead, Spinach, King, Ardabil

Determining the amount of heavy metals pollution in vegetables productions of ardabil

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INTRODUCTION

Food security, population growth, according to the Natural Resources Limited is one of the most important issues in the world is. The most important sources of heavy metal contamination of natural resources are Ghyrnqth. Annual global scale, thousands of these elements in the soil system (Taylor et al , 1999). Since agricultural products contaminated with heavy metals resulting in decreased quality of agricultural products on the one hand and the other hand is a serious threat to human health, the environmental aspects are very important. Accumulation of heavy metals and increase their concentration and achieve the exposure can be by entering the human food chain, his health was seriously threatened (Sui et al, 2005). Among the heavy metals, some of them, such as zinc, copper, and cobalt values are essential for many biological systems, including humans (Samarkand, 1379, Shokrzadeh, 1390). While some other heavy metals such as cadmium, lead and arsenic in plants, animals and humans are highly toxic (Kabata, 2011; Li X, et al, 2004). Cadmium is a known carcinogen in the development of most cancers (Valks, 2003, a tour Duggan et al, 2003). And it seems to be crucial factors in the development of heart disease and high blood pressure (Edmonds, 1996). Lead can also affect the blood system and kidneys, causing metabolic disorders and neurophysical defects in children. Hmchnyngzarsh that if large amounts of heavy metals such as lead, into the body of the pregnant women, premature birth and babies with severe mental retardation will be greatly increased)WHO, 2003; Zadrvdzky et al, 2003). Plants can see without damage high levels of cadmium in their gathering (Alva, 1995) stated that relatively high concentrations of cadmium can accumulate in the edible parts of plants, without obvious symptoms affecting plant be. Cd accumulation in plants can increase the potential of this nutrient by humans and this is done in the case that these plants are part of the diet (Kabata, 2011). Radu and colleagues, (2006) to raise awareness in public opinion in Egypt for evaluation of heavy metals to agricultural products from analysis of several samples of agricultural products, including strawberry, cucumber, dates and batch of their vegetables. With respect to the carcinogenic effects of two cadmium, lead, zinc and copper, and usefulness of the diet in adequate level in the four elements measured in the products listed. Although the results of their study showed that leafy vegetables such as lettuce and spinach had the highest levels of lead and cadmium in other products, were but they estimate the value of the daily intake of these nutrients in agricultural products tested, this value is less than the reported WHO and FAO knew. Removing heavy metals from contaminated soils by plants, especially agricultural products is one of the most important ways of entering the food chain elements (Fuji et al. 11, 2008). Annually, about 38,000 tons of cadmium and almost a million tons of lead in soils worldwide added that large amounts of the dust atmosphere, scattering the ashes and municipal waste and low concentrations of the chemical fertilizers and sewage sludge is (Anryagv and et al. 12, 1988). Two heavy metals lead and cadmium is a crucial element in the development of cancer, particularly gastrointestinal cancer known (Valks, 2003; Tvrdvgan et al., 2003). The aim of this study was to

evaluate the concentration of lead and cadmium in products Shah spinach vegetable garden cultivated lands in the city of Ardabil. Food safety is one of the underlying principle of all societies, which all countries in the provision of due diligence with regard to the facilities and conditions to work Brnddr among vegetables as a member of the food basket of stressed health experts and the traditions of Islam as well as the vegetables mentioned as a table ornament. Naturally healthy vegetables can play a significant role in the health of consumers. After the industrial revolution and the scientific progress of mankind login environmental pollutants to water, soil and air as well as increased entry of these compounds to plants, especially vegetables through water, soil and the use of pesticides threaten the health of consumers has made a serious matter. Heavy metals into the food chain and reach a critical concentration of metabolic and physiological adverse effects on living organisms rather than leave cadmium atomic weight element is 4/112 that may cause kidney damage, hypertension, cancer, mutant Shvd.srb job atomic number 82 are three important system of the human body, the hematopoietic system, nervous system and kidneys are sensitive to it (principal, and et al., 1389). This study aimed to determine the amount of lead and cadmium in products as hazardous heavy metals (spinach and watercress) Ardabil vegetable gardens. According to the consumption of contaminated vegetables and consequently illnesses associated with the consumption of certain types of cancer, kidney disease, nervous system and direct and indirect costs to society of each country. So it is necessary to impose appropriate research related with this in Ardebil vegetable gardens are fulfilled.

Geographic and climatic issues

Location

Ardabil province with an area of about 17867 square kilometers, about 1.1 percent of the country's total area in the North West of Iran (East Azerbaijan and Northern Plains), is located.

Ardabil city, in an area with geographical coordinates 48 and °47 ° to 39 °48 degrees east longitude and 56 degrees °37 to 33 and °38 north latitude, is located. The city of Ardabil Plain at an altitude of 1340 meters above the sea level.

According to the latest population census in 1390 in Ardebil city population is 485,153 people. (Statistical Yearbook governor of Ardebil 1391)

Due to cold weather conditions Ardabil in the year just within five months of June to October planting vegetables takes place in the city of Ardabil (urban and rural) 40 Vegetable garden is the active part in this study because of limitations (time, access laboratory, etc.) 10 within the range of Ardabil Bagh Dar selection and preparation began on March 93 was set Specification Sheet vegetable gardens and during the months of June, July and Persian date Mordad 1394 sampling preparation and testing was done.

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Study area



Figure 1 satellite image study vegetable gardens position Ardabil Geographical locations studied

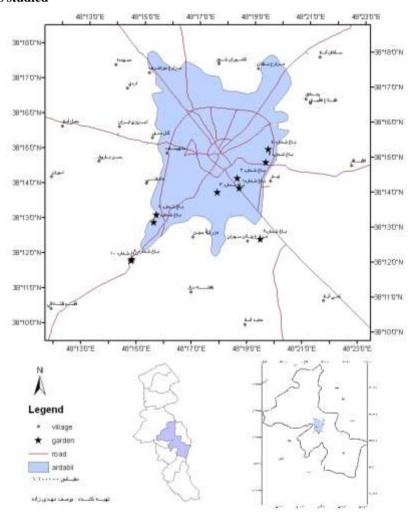


Figure 2 points Geo Case Study Research Methodology

The study was a cross-sectional Bvdhv amount of heavy metals (cadmium and lead) in Shah spinach farmed vegetables in gardens within the city of Ardabil were investigated. First, the water used to irrigate gardens as well as cultivated soils were sampled.

Sample of spinach, cress was performed three times in June, July and Persian date Mordad 1394. The samples using standard preparation procedures and atomic absorption

using а Model Perkin Elmer build Islamic Azad University to determine the amount of lead and cadmium was used for analysis of variance was used spss software. Samples of soil and water and vegetable products (spinach and watercress) 10 months of June, July and vegetable garden Persian date Mordad 1394 was performed. In the case of plants during three sampling in June Tiro Persian date Mordad 94 13 per Mrhlhnmvnh taking a sample of any vegetable garden cress, spinach and a sample was taken that the total sample was 81. How sampling of vegetables so that each garden plots cultivated spinach and watercress random sampling of at least 10 plants weighing about 200 g and the samples were mixed with each other.

Water samples (10 samples) after being transported to the laboratory by adding 5 ml of nitric acid in 100 mL of water to stabilize Grdyd.nmvnh soil (10) for the preparation of a composite sample of 5 to 6 points of the garden from the

depths zero to 30 cm were prepared. after drying air was passed through the sieve.

Data collection method

Through field studies, library and tools (sampling and test) was performed. Information from databases, owners and stakeholders were prepared gardens.

Data collection

Information required by authorities library resources and online sampling and analysis in the laboratory, respectively.

Methods of data analysis

The results of the measurement of heavy metals in any product in the garden for each month via standard EPA were compared for differences between products as well as gardens in the city of ANOVA for comparison of the ttest was used to analyze and analyzed using SPSSsoftware was performed.

The results of the sampling

Table 1 shows the results of measurement of lead and cadmium in soil and water samples spinach and watercress vegetable gardens were the first sampling stage (June 1394)

Garden Number	Water cadmium (Ppm)	Lead water (Ppm)	Cd (Ppm)	Lead dust (Ppm)	Cadmium spinach(Ppm)	Lead spinach(Ppm)	Cd King(Ppm)	Lead King (Ppm)
1	0.407	0	0.72	9.97	- *	-	-	-
2	0.083	0	0.76	10:02	0	0	0	0
3	0.055	0	0	10:02	7.5	0	0	100.17
4	0	0	0.62	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0.66	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	1.28	10:21	9.8	0	0	400.4
7	0	0	0.53	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0.58	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	0.79	7.3	-	-	0	0
10	0	0	0.93	0	8.8	0	0	0

Source: research findings

• Dark sign (-) indicates a lack of culture while sampling assay results table is.

Table 2 shows the results of measurement of lead and cadmium in samples of spinach Shah in the second stage of sampling (July 1394)

Garden Number	Cadmium spinach (ppm)	Lead spinach (ppm)	Shahi cadmium (ppm)	Lead King (ppm)
1	- *	-	-	-
2	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0
9	-	-	0	0
10	0	0	0	0

Source: research findings

• Dark sign (-) indicates a lack of culture while sampling assay results table is.

Garden Number	Water cadmium (Ppm)	Lead water (Ppm)	Cadmium spinach (ppm)	Lead	Shahi cadmium (ppm)	Lead King (Ppm)
1	0	0	- *	-	-	-
2	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	-	-	0	0
10	0	0	0	0	0	0
	•		Source: research f	indings	•	•

 Table 3 shows the results of assessment of cadmium and lead in samples of spinach and watercress water sampling in the third phase (August 1394)

• Dark sign (-) indicates a lack of culture while sampling

assay results table is.

Plant samples were weighed Table Table 4 for more and after drying in the oven

Garden Number	Fresh spinach and watercress (G)	Dry weight of spinach after Feb (G)	Shahi dry weight of Feb (G)
1	80	85/9	39/10
2	80	13/16	_
3	80	35/10	12
4	80	88/10	68/13
5	80	15/9	9
6	80	55/9	18/8
7	80	80/7	73/9
8	80	96/11	57/10
9	80	52/11	48/10
10	80	36/8	88/12

Table 4 shows the weight of spinach and watercress sampled after drying in the oven has fallen 87% and only 13% remain.

Table 5 pH soil survey studied gardens

Garden Number	Soil pH
1	13.8
2	25/8
3	1/8
4	1/8
5	03/8
6	96/7
7	57/8
8	96/7
9	61/7
10	93/7

		sum of squares	Degrees of freedom	average of squares	F	The significance level
	Intergroup	843/39	9	427/4	702/0	701/0
Cadmium	Intergroup (error)	893/163	26	304/6		
	Total	736/203	35			
Lead	Intergroup	648/36933	9	739/4103	Vary from 850	579/0
	Intergroup (error)	759/125533	26	221/4828		
	Total	407/162467	35			

Results of statistical analysis for cadmium and lead Table 6 ANOVA results for cadmium and lead in the gardens

Results Decomposition Variance Quantities of heavy metals lead and cadmium in the samples of the gardens Case Study sign The That TheAmount Cadmium Venice Amount Lead big = 0.579 (Table 6)

Table 7 shows the results of analysis of variance to cadmium and lead resources (water, soil and plants)

		sum of squares	Degrees of freedom	average of squares	F	The significance level
	Intergroup	273/15	2	637/7	337/1	276/0
Cadmium	Intergroup (error)	462/188	33	711/5		
	Total	736/203	35			
	Intergroup	942/7541	2	971/3770	803/0	456/0
Lead	Intergroup (error)	464/154925	33	711/4694		
	Total	407/162467	35			

Results analyze Variance Showed that the amounts of heavy metals lead and cadmium measured in terms of resources (water, Soil Plants)studied vegetable gardens dispute Meaning You have There were 0.276 sig cd = And sig pb = 0.456) (Table 7)

T test results between the cadmium standard in water

Table 8 test results t A sample for comparison with the standard amounts of Cadmium in water EPA

			Standard EPA : 00	13/0	
	Degrees of	The significance	The mean	09	5%
Test t	freedom	level	difference	Lowest	Topmost
551/1	9	155/0	099/0	0454 / 0-	2434/0
	Test t 551/1	freedom	freedom level	freedom level difference	freedom level difference Lowest

Results Test t The comparison of the measured values of cadmium in vegetable gardens irrigation water showed that between AverageAmount Cadmium At Area Case Study With Standard EPA dispute Meaning You have There. (Sig> 0.05) (Table 8)

T test results between the cadmium and lead in the soil standard

			Table 9 test results	s t For lead in soil		
	-	-		Standard EPA 5	0	
	- -	Degrees of	The significance	The mean	09	95%
	Test t	freedom	level	difference	Lowest	Topmost
Lead	187 / 28-	9	0.000	248/45	8794/48	6166 / 41-
			Courses resear	1 C 1'		

Source: research findings

Results A sample t test showed The That From Opinion Amount Lead At Soil Among Average By measuring the amount of soil Area WithStandard EPA in Level Perhaps 1% (sig = 0.00) were significant. As Average Lead At Area fewer From Standard Was (4.7 < 50) (Table 9)

		_		Stan	dard EPA 1			
	Test t	Degrees of	The significance		e mean		O 95%	
·		freedom	level	diff	erence	Lowest	T	opmost
Cadmium	061/3	9	014/0	31	3 / 0-	5443 / 0-	0	817 / 0-
admium also PA standard	the average v level Perhap	value measured os 5% (sig = arison Averag	Source: re Opinion Amoun l in the study are 0.014) differenc e sign The Tha ble 11. t test resu	a Respe e A sar at stand a	ge Cadmiun ctively. (0.68 nple t test re ards in plant	<1) (Table 1) sults betwee	0)	
				Star	ndard EPA : 3			
	Test t	Degrees of freedom	f The signification level		The mean lifference	Lowest	O 95% T	Topmost
Cadmium	55 / 1-	15	142/0	3	6875 / 1-	251/3	-	5135/0
<u> </u>	ning You ha		Table 12 test r		lead plant ard EPA 300			
				Stand	ard EPA 300		O 95%	
	Test t	Degrees of freedom	Table 12 test r The significance level	Stand ce The		Lowest		opmost
Lead			The significanc level 0.000	Stand ce The diff 7143	ard EPA 300 e mean erence 8 / 268-		Т	'opmost 09 / 214-
Lead esults Test t ilues measure ants showed t % to Phrasal rrow The (sig	Test t 584 / 10- One Sample d with the st hat the avera With About g = 0.00, A Table 13 test	freedom 15 • Oh you Con candard EPA le ge lead EPA s Trust 99% Di s Comparison	The significanc level 0.000	Stand ee The diff 7143 esearch find n That d Standa el Resul g pb Ar e	ard EPA 300 e mean erence 8 / 268- ings Amount Lea ard EPA Beer ts Test t Inc nong Two Sp	Lowest 8279 / 322- d At plants n Is. (31.28 <: lependent Fi becies Case S Two Species	Case Stu 300) (Table com Opinio tudy	09 / 214- dy fewer I e 12) on cd,
Lead esults Test t ilues measure ants showed t % to Phrasal rrow The (sig	Test t 584 / 10- One Sample d with the st hat the avera With About g = 0.00, A Table 13 test Lev	freedom 15 Oh you Con andard EPA le ge lead EPA s Trust 99% Di s Comparison t results t Ind vine test The	The significance level 0.000 Source: re aparing the mean ead in the studied tandards At Leve fference Meaning Average signThe lependent From	Stand ee The diff 7143 esearch find n That d Standa el Resul g pb Ar e Opinion co	ard EPA 300 e mean erence 8 / 268- lings Amount Lea ard EPA Beer ts Test t Inc nong Two Sp d, pb Among T-tes	Lowest 8279 / 322- d At plants n Is. (31.28 <: lependent Fr becies Case S Two Species t The	Case Stu 300) (Table com Opinio tudy s Case Stud	09 / 214- dy fewer I e 12) on cd,
Lead esults Test t lues measure ants showed t 6 to Phrasal rrow The (sig	Test t 584 / 10- One Sample d with the st hat the avera With About g = 0.00, A Table 13 test	freedom 15 Oh you Con andard EPA le ge lead EPA s Trust 99% Di s Comparison t results t Ind vine test	The significance level 0.000 Source: re aparing the mean ead in the studied tandards At Leve fference Meaning Average signThe lependent From	Stand ee The diff 7143 esearch find n That d Standa el Resul g pb A r e Opinion co	ard EPA 300 e mean erence 8 / 268- ings Amount Lea ard EPA Beer ts Test t Inc nong Two Sp d, pb Among	Lowest 8279 / 322- d At plants n Is. (31.28 <: lependent Fr becies Case S Two Species t	Case Stu 300) (Table com Opinio tudy s Case Stud	09 / 214- dy fewer H : 12) on cd, dy
Lead esults Test t lues measure ants showed t 6 to Phrasal rrow The (sig	Test t 584 / 10- One Sample d with the st hat the avera With About g = 0.00, A Table 13 test Let F	freedom 15 • Oh you Con andard EPA le ge lead EPA s Trust 99% Di s Comparison t results t Ind vine test The significance	The significance level 0.000 Source: re aparing the mean ead in the studied tandards At Leve fference Meaning Average signThe lependent From	Stand ee The diff 7143 esearch find n That d Standa el Resul g pb An e Opinion co The gnificance	ard EPA 300 e mean erence 8 / 268- lings Amount Lea ard EPA Beer ts Test t Inc nong Two Sp d, pb Among T-tes The mean	Lowest 8279 / 322- d At plants in Is. (31.28 <: lependent Fr becies Case S Two Species t The standard	T 600 Case Stu 300) (Table com Opinio tudy s Case Stud	09 / 214- dy fewer H 2 12) on cd, dy 95%

Results T test Independent One example shows The That From Opinion Amount Cadmium Among Two Species Spinach And Cress At Level 5% difference Meaning Arrow

The (sig = 0.05), As Amount Cadmium At Spinach More From Cress Been Is (3.26> 0). At If the From Opinion

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AmountLead Among Two Species Case Opinion Difference Significant Existence No (sig = 0.230) (Table 13).

Conclusion

As At results Analysis Variance Specified Is Fortunately average amount Lead And Cadmium At All Sample Of Water, soil, Spinach And ShahiCase review Kmtrazhd Standard The Is And this order Marker Lack Contamination Acute gardens Under Research With Metals heavy The Is.

At Case Sample Of Water gardens At Sample Of First during June the moon 1394 Sample Water Garden Number 1 Contamination Cadmium TheIs And Water gardens Number 2 and 3 amount little Wet Pollution Cadmium have And water Other gardens Lacking Contamination CadmiumThe Is. The reason? Actually Become gardens 1, 2, 3 Range City And Use From Water Well For Irrigation To special Garden Number 1 Inside AreaUrban, That Adjacent With Home Of Residential The Is. Contamination Cadmium The Can Due From Influence Wastewater Azchahhay CatchyThe residential area Is but in the water gardens 4 to 10 At Area Agriculture And To far way From areas Residential The Is nothing SpeciesContamination Cadmium Observation Not Is.

The measurement results values pH soil Of gardens The study showed that all soil And Alkaline Been And pH It And higher May 7 Is. Measure the amounts of heavy metals in soil showed a mean vegetable gardens Cadmium And Lead little Wet From Limit Standard The Is.

On Basis results T test Independent Specified Was That amount Absorption And Aggregation Cadmium At Spinach more From Shahi The Is Andthis Marker this Is That Each How many plant Flat Leaf Wet Is Possibility Aggregation Cadmium more Is. The results chary (2007) in India around the Musi River showed a risk factor for heavy metals in leafy vegetables, especially spinach and amaranth is high. Because the conductivity and transpiration rate is high in these vegetables as well as broad leaf plants more susceptible to physical contamination by dust from the soil that the survey correspond with the study.

point Jalbvklydy this Research this Is That between results the level First Sample Vector At June 94 months levels Second And Third At July AndAugust the moon Difference Clear Existence has it To As At Some From Sample And At the level First Cadmium And Lead However, Most lessFrom Standard Observation Was but At All Sample Of levels Second And Third Including From Water, Spinach And Shahi amount CadmiumAnd Lead Zero measurement Was.

At review Cause Issue Discuss Of Different Can be involved. Including With Attention To this That At Area The Ardabil About Five the moonCulture And Removal vegetable To Action The Is And Actually more From Six the moon Water Well And the gardens are not used Cadmium accumulation of cadmium in the samples of the first phase of gardens in wells 1, 2 and 3 in the metropolitan area is located adjacent to residential homes Have Happening The Falls And To Consequently It Products China First Spinach And Shahi too Contamination little CadmiumAnd sign The Day but At Effect Use From Water And too Removal Of Multiple Vegetable Actually this Integration And Aggregation Metals heavyAt China Of Second And Third Zero The Is. So consideration The Is Products vegetable China Of First From Opinion Metals heavy Polluted FromChina Of Second And Third The Is.

In the case of cadmium spinach in China, one in three gardens 3, 6 and 10. It is explained in the garden (3) the amount of cadmium in the water garden is higher than that in spinach condensed also is in the gardens of 6 and 10 Cadmium a small amount of garden soil that is high in spinach condensed product is then taken as a result of bioaccumulation is spinach.

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